Antiproton Experiment Ideas





Antiproton Physics Workshop Fermilab 22 May 2010

Outline

- Physics opportunity
- A new experiment (one possibility)
- P-986
- Fermilab objections
- Summary

Physics Opportunity

• Thanks to competition w LHC, Fermilab Antiproton Source is world's most intense:

Table I: Antiproton Intensities at Existing and Future Facilities

	Stack	Clock Hours	$\overline{\mathbf{p}}/\mathbf{Yr}$	
Facility	Rate $(10^{10}/hr)$	Duty Factor	/Yr	$(\mathbf{10^{13}})$
CERN AD			3800	0.4
FNAL (Accumulator)	20	15%	5550	17
FNAL (New Ring)	20	90%	5550	100
FAIR (≥2016)	3.5	90%	2780	9

...even after FAIR@Darmstadt turns on

Could support dedicated expts after Tevatron ends
world's best charm, charmonium & hyperon studies

Physics Opportunity

Assume $\mathcal{L} \approx 2 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1} (10 \times \text{E835})$:

- <u>Charm</u>: total cross section ~1 μ b? \rightarrow ~10¹⁰ events/y?
- <u>Hyperons</u>: I mb inclusive $\rightarrow \sim 10^{12}$ events/y 60 nb $\Omega\overline{\Omega}$ (est.) $\rightarrow \sim 10^{8}$ events/y
- <u>Charmonium (& X3872)</u>: form 10,000s of non-1⁻⁻ events with unique energy & mass precision
- Note: *dozens* of thesis topics!

easiest way for Fermilab program to maintain some breadth after Tevatron

Breadth of Program

• <u>Partial</u> list of potential papers & thesis topics:

General		19	Production of Omega- in medium-energy pbar-p collisions		
1	Particle multiplicities in medium-energy pbar-p collisions		Production of Lambda Lambdabar pairs in medium-energy pbar-p collisions		
2	Particle multiplicities in medium-energy pbar-N collisions		Production of Sigma+ Sigmabar- pairs in medium-energy pbar-p collisions		
3	Total cross section for medium-energy pbar-p collisions	22	Production of Xi- Xibar+ pairs in medium-energy pbar-p collisions		
4	Total cross section for medium-energy pbar-N collisions	23	Production of Omega- Omegabar+ pairs in medium-energy pbar-p collisions		
Charm		24	Rare decays of Sigma+		
5	5 Production of charm in medium-energy pbar-p collisions		Rare decays of Xi-		
6	6 Production of charm in medium-energy pbar-N collisions		Rare decays of Xi0		
7	A-dependence of charm production in medium-energy phar-N collisions		Rare decays of Omega-		
8	8 Associated production of charm baryons in medium-energy pbar-N collisions		Search for/Observation of CP violation in Omega- decay		
9	9 Production of charm baryon-antibaryon pairs in medium-energy pbar-N collisions		harmonium		
10	Measurement of D0 mixing in medium-energy pbar-N collisions	29	Production of X(3872) in medium-energy pbar-p collisions		
11	Search for/Observation of CP violation in DO mixing) Precision measurement of X(3872) mass, lineshape, and width		
12	Search for/Observation of CP violation in D0 decays		1 Decay modes of X(3872)		
12	Search for/Observation of CD violation in phonond D decays		2 Limits on rare decays of X(3872)		
13	13 Search for/Observation of CP violation in charged-D decays		Production of other XYZ states in medium-energy pbar-p collisions		
Hyperons		34	Precision measurement of the eta_c mass, line shape and width		
14	4 Production of Lambda hyperons in medium-energy pbar-p collisions		Precision measurement of the h_c mass, line shape and width		
15	Production of Sigma0 in medium-energy pbar-p collisions	36	Precision measurement of the eta_c' mass, line shape and width		
16	Production of Sigma- in medium-energy pbar-p collisions	37	Complementary scans of J/psi and psi'		
17	Production of Xi- in medium-energy pbar-p collisions	38	Precise determination of the chi_c COG		
18	Production of Xi0 in medium-energy pbar-p collisions	39	Production of J/psi and Chi_cJ in association with pseudoscalar meson(s)		

• We believe health of U.S. HEP *needs* such breadth (used to be a given at Fermilab)

Charmonium Rate Estimates

Keith Gollwitzer, FNAL

State	J	M(MeV)	B(pbarp ->cbarc)	Production Cross Section (nb)	Final State	Expected Observed Events per Day [*]
eta_c	0	2980	1.3x10^-3	1200	gamma gamma phi-phi (4K)	775 900
J/psi	1	3096	2.2x10^-3	5300	e+e-	650,000
chi_0	0	3415	2.2x10^-4	134	J/psi(e+e-) gamma gamma gamma pi0 pi0 phi-phi (4K)	200 85 1,300 30
chi_1	1	3511	6.7x10^-5	111	J/psi(e+e-) gamma	6,000
h_c†	1	3525	5x10^-5	80	gamma eta_c(gamma gamma) gamma eta_c(phi-phi)	15 20
chi_2	2	3556	6.6x10^-5	176	J/psi(e+e-) gamma gamma gamma pi0 pi0 phi-phi (4K)	5,800 100 500 90
eta_c(2S) [†]	0	3637	1.6x10^-4	80	gamma gamma phi-phi (4K)	50 60
psi(2S)	1	3686	2.6x10^-4	380	e+e- J/psi (e+e-) anything	8,000 47,800
X [†]	1	3872	4x10^-5	50	J/psi (e+e-) anything = 0.1% 100	

(based on plausible assumptions)

* neglecting $(\Delta p/p)_{\text{beam}}$ $^{\dagger}\overline{p}p$ width "best guess" used

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A Possible Approach

Superconducting

INTERACTION

GA IET

≈\$4M

solenoid

INNER DETECTOR

PBEAM

One possibility:

- Once Tevatron shuts down (≈2011),
 - Reinstall E760 EM spectrometer
 - Add small magnetic spectrometer
 - Add precision TOF system SciFi DAC
 - Add wire or pellet target
 - and fast DAQ system
- Virtues: get "on the air" quickly
- Otherwise, hard to start major experiment for this physics now!

SciFi

TOF

2.63m

LUMINOSITY

BESS Solenoid

• Available; fits in E760/835 calorimeter



• Only 0.2 X_0 thick

E760 Calorimeter



E760 Calorimeter





D. M. Kaplan, IIT

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Target Ideas

- E760/835 used H₂ cluster jet
 - essential for small energy spread (Fermi motion, dE/dx)
 - hard to fit within magnet & return yoke?
- Charm benefits from small, high-A target (say, 30 μ m Ti wire $\rightarrow A^{0.29} \approx \times 3$ in cross section)
- PANDA H₂ cluster jet R&D
- Frozen-H₂ target? (Jackson, Ishimoto)
- Aim for compatibility with all

Erozen-H₂ Target?



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Antiprot



P-986 Letter of Intent:

Medium-Energy Antiproton Physics at Fermilab

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PAC questions answered for June '09 PAC mtg

Submitted to

March '09 PAC

Upshot: physics interesting but no Fermilab effort can be provided at this time

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Oddone Objections

- I. Physics case weak?
- 2. Proton "economics"?
- 3. Too expensive to mount?
- 4. Incompatible with g–2?
- 5. Collaboration too weak?

- Not according to PAC members I've asked
- P-986 needs only 2.5% of MI protons
- Reuse of existing equipment \rightarrow cost only \approx \$4M \leq NSF MRI limit
- g–2 can be mounted at CDF Assembly Hall at similar cost
- One reason for this workshop!
- 6. Too expensive to run? Only $\approx 2M$ (≈ 15 FTEs)

Antiproton Physics Workshop

Summary

- Best experiment ever on hyperons, charm, and charmonia may soon be feasible at Fermilab
 - including world's most sensitive charm CPV study
 - and unique studies of charmonium and hyperons
- pbar Source offers simplest way for Fermilab to have broad program in post-Tevatron era



(See http://capp.iit.edu/hep/pbar/)

BACKUP...

Charm!

old.

tion

old

ited

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Estimate of the partial width for X(3872) into $p\bar{p}$

Eric Braaten

Physics Department, Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio 43210, USA (Received 13 November 2007: published 25 February 2008)



- E. Braaten estimate of *pp* X(3872) coupling assuming X is D^*D molecule
 - extrapolates from K*K data
- By-product is $D^{*0}\overline{D}^{0}$ cross section
- $1.3 \ \mu b \rightarrow 5 \times 10^{9}/year$
 - Expect efficiency as at **B** factories

Charm!

• What's so exciting about charm?



Charm!

• Ballpark sensitivity estimate based on Braaten formula and assuming $\sigma \propto A^{1.0}$:



Background Study

• Have studied MIPP (FNAL E907) 20 GeV $\overline{p}p$ data:



• Conclusion:

Thanks to low multiplicity at 8 GeV, clean sample can likely be obtained with reasonable (~0.1) efficiency

pbar Charm Factory?

- Another possibility (E. Braaten): use the X (3872) as a pure source of $D^{*0}\overline{D}^{0}$ events
 - the $\overline{p}p$ equivalent of the $\psi(3770)$!?
 - assuming current Antiproton Accumulator parameters $(\Delta p/p)$ & Braaten estimate, produce ~10⁸ events/year
 - comparable to BES-III statistics
 - could gain factor ~5 via AA e⁻ cooling?
- Proposed expt will establish feasibility & reach

Charm Study



PANDA Physics Topics

- Charmonium (cc̄) spectroscopy (mass, widths, branching ratios)
- Establishment of the QCD-predicted gluonic excitations (charmed hybrids, glueballs) in the 3–5 GeV/c² mass range
- Search for modifications of meson properties in the nuclear medium
- Precision γ-ray spectroscopy of single and double hypernuclei
- Extraction of generalized parton distributions from $\overline{p}p$ annihilation
- D meson decay spectroscopy (rare decays)
- Search for CP violation in the charm and strangeness sector